Philippians 2:6 - "who, though he was in the form of God, did not count equality with God a thing to be grasped,

	3739 [e]	1722 [e]	3444 [e]	2316 [e]	5225 [e]	3756 [e]	725 [e]	2233 [e]	3588 [e]	1510 [e]	2470 [e]	2316 [e]	
	hos	en	morphē	Theou	hyparchōn	ouch	harpagmon	hēgēsato	to	einai	isa	Theō	
6	ὃς ,	έν	μορφῆ	Θεοῦ	ύπάρχων,	ούχ	άρπαγμὸν	ήγήσατο	ťò	είναι	ἴσα	$Θε\~φ$,	
	who	in	[the] form	of God	subsisting	not	something to be grasped	esteemed it		to be	equal	with God	
	RelPro-NMS	Prep	N-DFS	N-GMS	V-PPA-NMS	Adv	N-AMS	V-AIM-3S	Art-ANS	V-PNA	Adj-ANP	N-DMS	

- Paul draws attention to:
 - Jesus' attitude in 2:6
 - Jesus' actions in 2:7-8
 - This is the same order Paul used in 2:1-4 addressing the Philippians:
 - First, their personal attitude (2:2)
 - Second, their actions toward each other (3-4)
- "Being in very nature God"
 - o *Morphe* is translated "form", it means, "form, outward appearance, shape.
 - Only occurs in 2:6 and 2:7 in the NT.
 - In 2:7 Jesus is morphe ("form") of a servant. This helps explain the meaning of morphe in 2:6. Morphe must mean the same thing in both verses.
- "Equality with God"
 - This would help underline the meaning of the previous statement and drive home Paul's point: Jesus was God
 - o The two statements "morphe" and "equality"
- Key to verse 6 are the verbs:
 - "Being" or "subsisting"- basic meaning is "to exist originally" and "really existed".
 - to begin under (quietly), that is, come into existence (be present or at hand); expletively, to exist (as copula or subordinate to an adjective, participle, adverb or preposition, or as auxiliary to principal verb): after behave, live.
 - "Grasped" arpagmon in the active means "to rob" (this would be what Adam did in the Garden in attempting to be as God), but in the passive it means "to be held". Since Jesus was God the issue is that he was not grasping at something he already had, but instead would have been "grasping" at something other than he had: manhood, servanthood, flesh, incarnation.

Philippians 2:7 - "But emptied himself, by taking the form of a servant, being born in the likeness of men.

	235 [e]	1438 [e]	2758 [e]	3444 [e]	1401 [e]	2983 [e]	1722 [e]	3667 [e]	444 [e]	1096 [e]
	alla	heauton	ekenősen	morphēn	doulou	labön	en	homoiōmati	anthrōpōn	genomenos
7	άλλὰ	έαυτὸν	έκένωσεν ,	μορφὴν	δούλου	λαβών ,	έν	όμοιώματι	ἀνθρώπων	γενόμενος .
	but	himself	emptied	[the] form	of a servant	having taken	in	[the] likeness	of men	having been made
	Conj	RefPro-AM3S	V-AIA-3S	N-AFS	N-GMS	V-APA-NMS	Prep	N-DNS	N-GMP	V-APM-NMS

For Jesus to take on humanity he did two things:

- "Emptied himself" (2:7)...taking the form of a servant; "Lord" (2:11)
- "Humbled himself" (2:8)...obedient to death on a cross

"Emptied" is from κενόω **kenoo** (ekenosen)which means:

- "to render void, of no effect."
- "to make empty, that is, (figuratively) to abase, neutralize, falsify.
- "make (of none effect, of no reputation, void), be in vain.

The result of Jesus being "emptied" was:

- Taking the very nature of a servant (inner attitude)
- Made in human likeness (external appearance and behavior)

"Emptied" (kenosis) does not have to indicate that there was literally something that was left behind or lost which left an empty void. (see Paul's use of the same word in:

- Romans 4:14 "For if it is the adherents of the law who are to be the heirs, faith is null and the promise is void."
- 1 Corinthians 1:17 "For Christ did not send me to baptize but to preach the gospel, and not with words of eloquent wisdom, lest the cross of Christ be <u>emptied</u> of its power."
- 1 Corinthians 9:15 "But I have made no use of any of these rights, nor am I
 writing these things to secure any such provision. For I would rather die than have
 anyone <u>deprive</u> me of my ground for boasting."

"Being born" ($\underline{\lambda \alpha \beta \omega v}$ in 2:7) which means "having taken is a contrast with "being" in 2:6 which means "to exist originally" and "really existed".

"Likeness" is from *homoiomati* (ὁμοιώματι) does not mean anything less than reality.

- The meaning of *homoiomati* is a *form*; abstractly *resemblance*: made like to, likeness, shape, similitude.
- The fact that "human likeness" is restated as "appearance as a man" indicates the reality of this change and that this change was made to fulfill a purpose

Philippians 2:8 - "And being found in human form, he humbled himself by becoming obedient to the point of death, even death on a cross.

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2532 [e] 4976 [e]
                                                                                                                         3360 [e] 2288 [e]
                       2147 [e]
                                        5613 [e] 444 [e]
                                                                 5013 [e]
                                                                                  1438 [e]
                                                                                              1096 [e]
                                                                                                            5255 [e]
                                                anthropos
  kai
          schēmati
                       heuretheis
                                        hōs
                                                                 etapeinösen
                                                                                  heauton
                                                                                              genomenos
                                                                                                            hypēkoos
                                                                                                                        mechri thanatou
                                                                                                                        μέχρι θανάτου,
                       εύρεθείς
                                                άνθρωπος.
                                                                 έταπείνωσεν
8 Kai
          σχήματι
                                        ώς
                                                                                 έαυτὸν , γενόμενος
                                                                                                            υπήκοος
          in appearance having been found as
                                                a man
                                                                 he humbled
                                                                                  himself
                                                                                              having become obedient
                                                                                                                                 death
  and
          N-DNS
                       V-APP-NMS
                                                N-NMS
                                                                 V-AIA-3S
                                                                                  RefPro-AM3S V-APM-NMS
                                                                                                            Adj-NMS
                                                                                                                                N-GMS
  Conj
                                        Adv
                                                                                                                         Prep
2288 [e]
           1161 [e] 4716 [e]
                   staurou
thanatou
           de
θανάτου δὲ
                   σταυρού.
[the] death
                   of [the] cross
           even
N-GMS
            Conj
                   N-GMS
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- "Being found" <u>εὑρεθεὶς</u> -
- "Appearance" Σχήματι -

Becoming human was phase one. Phase two was being obedient.

The obedience was death on a cross.

- To the Philippians (citizens of Rome in Philippi), death on a cross would never be a threat. It was illegal for a Roman citizen to suffer such a disgraceful death.
- To the Jews, the Law of Moses declared that anyone who suffered death on a cross was cursed (Galatians 3:13).
- It is interesting that Paul mentions that there are "enemies of the cross" (Phil. 3:18) negatively influencing the Philippians.

Philippians 2:9 - Therefore God has highly exalted him and bestowed on him the name that is above every name,

	1352 [e]	2532 [e]	3588 [e]	2316 [e]	846 [e]	5251 [e]	2532 [e]	5483 [e]	846 [e]	3588 [e]	3686 [e]	3588 [e]	5228 [e]	3956 [e]	3686 [e]
	dio	kai	ho	Theos	auton	hyperypsösen	kai	echarisato	autō	to	onoma	to	hyper	pan	onoma
9	διὸ	καὶ	ó	Θεὸς	αὐτὸν	ύπερύψωσεν ,	καὶ	έχαρίσατο	αὐτῷ	τò	ὄνομα	τò	ύπὲρ	πᾶν	ὄνομα ,
	Therefore	also	2	God	him	highly exalted	and	granted	to him	the	name	-	above	every	name
	Conj	Conj	Art-NMS	N-NMS	PPro-AM3S	V-AIA-3S	Conj	V-AIM-3S	PPro-DM3S	Art-ANS	N-ANS	Art-ANS	Prep	Adj-ANS	N-ANS

Philippians 2:10 - "so that at the name of Jesus every knee should bow, in heaven and on earth and under the earth,



Philippians 2:11 - "And every tongue confess that Jesus Christ is Lord, to the glory of God the Father."

	2532 [e]	3956 [e]	1100 [e]	1843 [e]	3754 [e]	2962 [e]	2424 [e]	5547 [e]	1519 [e]	1391 [e]	2316 [e]	3962 [e]
	kai	pasa	glōssa	exomologēsētai	hoti	KYRIOS	IĒSOUS	CHRISTOS	eis	doxan	Theou	Patros
11	καὶ	πᾶσα	γλῶσσα	έξομολογήσηται	őτι	ΚΥΡΙΟΣ	ΙΗΣΟΥΣ	ΧΡΙΣΤΟΣ ,	είς	δόξαν	Θεοῦ	Πατρός .
	and	every	tongue	should confess	that	[is] Lord	Jesus	Christ	to	[the] glory	of God	[the] Father
	Conj	Adj-NFS	N-NFS	V-ASM-3S	Conj	N-NMS	N-NMS	N-NMS	Prep	N-AFS	N-GMS	N-GMS